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1058

2026

SOCIAL SCIENCE

Full Marks : 90

Pass Marks : 27

Time : 3 hours

*For convenience of the Candidates, all the questions in a particular medium is printed continuously in the order of English, Assamese, Bengali, Bodo and Hindi respectively so that candidate can access to the questions in the medium of their choice.*

*In case of any discrepancy or confusion in the medium/version, the English Version will be considered as authentic version.*

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.*

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## SECTION - A

Choose the correct answer of the following questions :  
(From Q. No. 1 to Q. No. 45)

$1 \times 45 = 45$

1. The aim of Bangia Kala Sangsad (1907) was
  - (a) Building foundation of Indian fine arts with the influence of western art.
  - (b) Building foundation of western fine arts in India.
  - ☒ (c) Building a better cultural foundation by practicing pure Indian fine arts free from western influences.
  - (d) Building foundation of Indian technology free from western influences.
  
2. Lord Curzon initiated the scheme of separation of Bengal in order to –
  - (i) Break-down harmony between Hindus and Muslims.
  - (ii) To ease the process of governance in a decentralized way.
  - (iii) Not to repeat any challenges like the Sepoy Mutiny of 1857 due to greater size of their (British) Administration.
  - (a) (i), (ii), (iii) are correct.
  - ☒ (b) (i), (ii) are correct.
  - (c) (ii), (iii) are correct.
  - (d) only (ii) is correct.
  
3. Two statements are given in the question below as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Read the statements and choose the correct option.  
**Assertion (A) :** The Swadeshi movement crossed the boundaries of Bengal and took a form of an all Indian movement.  
**Reason (R) :** The people of Maharashtra, South India, North-east India supported this movement.
  - ☒ (a) Both (A) and (R) true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
  - (b) (A) is true, but (R) is false.
  - (c) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).
  - (d) (A) is false, but (R) is true.
  
4. On which date in 1905 did the partition of Bengal come into force ?
  - (a) 1<sup>st</sup> September
  - (b) 19<sup>th</sup> July
  - ☒ (c) 16<sup>th</sup> October
  - (d) 2<sup>nd</sup> February
  
5. Match the following and choose the correct option :
 

Events	Year
(i) Champaran Movement	(A) 1942
(ii) Simon Commission	(B) 1919
(iii) Jallianwala Bagh Massacre	(C) 1927
(iv) Cripps Mission	(D) 1917-18
(v) Gandhi-Irwin Pact	(E) 1931

  - (a) (i) - (D), (ii) - (C), (iii) - (B), (iv) - (A), (v) - (E)
  - (b) (i) - (C), (ii) - (D), (iii) - (B), (iv) - (E), (v) - (A)
  - ☒ (c) (i) - (C), (ii) - (D), (iii) - (B), (iv) - (A), (v) - (E)
  - (d) (i) - (E), (ii) - (A), (iii) - (B), (iv) - (D), (v) - (C)



6. With which movement is Gandhi's "Do or Die" slogan primarily associated ?  
 (a) Non-Cooperation Movement (b) ☒ Civil Disobedience Movement  
 (c) Khilafat Movement (d) Quit India Movement
7. Four statements are given below. These statements are about some movements. Each movement has a declaration (True or False). Find out the correct option according to the declaration.
- (i) Satyagraha or Non-violence movement did not project Gandhi as 'an all India leader with immense potential'. – This information is false.
  - (ii) The Non-Cooperation Movement launched by Gandhi was ratified by the Nagpur session of the Congress in December, 1920. – This information is false.
  - (iii) One of the factors leading to the Civil Disobedience Movement was the formation of the Simon Commission by the British Government. – This information is true.
  - (iv) During the Quit India Movement people of Ballia, Satara, Dharwar, Balasore and Talcher formed their own government. – This information is true.
- (a) (i), (iii), (iv) (b) (ii)  
 (c) (iii), (iv) (d) ☒ (i), (ii), (iii), (iv)
8. Find out the correct option from the following sequences of historical events in the order of old to new :
- (a) Phulaguri Dhawa → The Peasant Revolt of Rangia → The Peasant Revolt of Patharughat → Raj Mel
  - (b) The Peasant Revolt of Patharughat → The Peasant Revolt of Rangia → Phulaguri Dhawa → Raj Mel
  - (c) Raj Mel → Phulaguri Dhawa → The Peasant Revolt of Patharughat → The Peasant Revolt of Rangia
  - (d) ☒ Raj Mel → Phulaguri Dhawa → The Peasant Revolt of Rangia → The Peasant Revolt of Patharughat
9. Identify the revolt from the characteristics mentioned below :
- (i) The Commissioner of Assam, Hopkinson admitted that if soldiers from Tezpur and Gauhati, had not been brought to suppress the revolt, it would have kept on spreading.
  - (ii) The mechanism of this revolt was adopted by Mahatma Gandhi during the Freedom struggle.
  - (iii) After this incident, as a result of trial Songbor Lalung was awarded death sentence.
- (a) The Peasant Revolt of Rangia (b) The Peasant Revolt of Lachima  
 (c) ☒ Phulaguri Dhawa (d) The Peasant Revolt of Patharughat



10. What was the main cause of the anti-British rising in Assam in the early 19<sup>th</sup> century ?  
 (a) Territorial disputes (b) Cultural conflict  
 (c) Economic exploitation (d) Religious differences
11. Which of the following pair is correctly matched ?  
 (a) Jorhat Sarbajanik Sabha; in 1895  
 (b) Assam Association; in 1903  
 (c) Assam Provincial Congress Committee; in 1925  
 (d) Ahom Sabha; in 1885
12. Find out the correct statement(s) about Anandaram Dhekial Phukan –  
 (i) The Gyan Pradayini Sabha was founded by Anandaram Dhekial Phukan and Gunaviram Barua in 1857.  
 (ii) He opposed the introduction of the Bengali language in schools, offices and courts in Assam.  
 (iii) Assamese Literary Society was formed under the leadership of Anandaram Dhekial Phukan.  
 (iv) The Ahom Sabha was formed under the leadership of Anandaram Dhekial Phukan.  
 (a) Only (i) is correct. (b) (i) and (ii) are correct.  
 (c) (iii) and (iv) are correct. (d) Only (ii) is correct.
13. The first national school was established at Gauhati in February 1921 –  
 (a) In the memory of Ambikagiri Raychaudhury.  
 (b) In the memory of Bal Gangadhar Tilak  
 (c) In the memory of Lala Lajpat Ray.  
 (d) In the memory of Bipin Chandra Pal.
14. Which of the following prop is used in the folk-dance Cheraw of Mizoram ?  
 (a) Bamboo (b) Earthen Pot  
 (c) Mask (d) Sword
15. The modern form of Assamese language is evolved –  
 (a) Through 'Milan' (b) Through 'Arunodoi'  
 (c) Through Assam Association (d) Through Jorhat Sarbajanik Sabha
16. Which of the following statements are correct ?  
 (i) Ajan Peer came to Assam during the reign of Gadadhar Singha.  
 (ii) During the invasion of the Burmese (Mans), Ranjit Singh of Punjab sent a group of Sikh soldiers to assist Ahom king Chandrakanta Singha.  
 (iii) Madhab Kandali was patronized by Barahi king Mahamanikya.  
 (iv) The Padya Geeta written by Govinda Mishra is still popular.  
 (a) (i), (ii) (b) (ii), (iii)  
 (c) (iii), (iv) (d) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv)



17. Match the following and choose the correct answer :

- (i) Armamalai (A) Maharashtra  
(ii) Chittanavachal (B) Madhya Pradesh  
(iii) Bagh (C) Tamilnadu  
(iv) Ajanta (D) Tamilnadu
- (a) (i) - (C), (ii) - (D), (iii) - (A), (iv) - (B)  
(b) (i) - (C), (ii) - (D), (iii) - (B), (iv) - (A)  
(c) (i) - (B), (ii) - (D), (iii) - (A), (iv) - (C)  
(d) (i) - (D), (ii) - (A), (iii) - (B), (iv) - (C)

18. In your opinion which of the following is a popular and latest example of 'search for alternative resource' ?

- (a) Street play on water conservation  
(b) Re-use of old plastic bottle  
(c) Apply used waste tea leaves at the roots of flower seedlings  
(d) PM Surya Ghar Scheme

19. Which of the following statements is/are correct about Taiwan and South Korea ?

- (i) Rapid development of human resource  
(ii) Scarcity of many natural resources  
(iii) Scarcity of raw materials for industries.  
(iv) Unable to be get recognized as leading and prosperous countries in the world.
- (a) Only (i)  
(c) (i), (ii) and (iii)
- (b) (ii), (iii) and (iv)  
(d) Only (iv)

20. Consider the statements (i), (ii) and (iii) given below and choose the correct answer :

- (i) The attributes of functionality and utility of the materials found in nature can create human resource.
- (ii) The attributes of functionality and utility of the materials found in nature can be explored through human knowledge.
- (iii) With the expansion of the horizon of human knowledge many new resources are also created and used.
- (a) Only (i)
- (b) (ii) and (iii)
- (c) Only (ii)
- (d) Only (iii)



21. Two statements are given in the question below as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Read the statements and choose the correct option.

**Assertion (A) :** Economic Geography studies human activities such as production, distribution, consumption and exchange of resources.

**Reason (R) :** Economic Geography is concerned with the spatial and temporal dimensions of these human activities.

- (a) Both (A) and (R) are true, and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).  
(b) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).  
(c) (A) is true, but (R) is false.  
(d) (A) is false, but (R) is true.

22. Which of the following pair is correctly matched ?

Types of Resources		Example
(i)	Abiotic resources	– Plants
(ii)	Individual resources	– Good Character
(iii)	Exhaustible resources	– Natural Gas
(iv)	Ubiquitous resources	– Coal
(a)	(i), (iv)	(b) (i), (ii)
(c)	(ii), (iii)	(d) (iii), (iv)

23. Two statements are given below, one as Assertion (A) and the other as Reason (R). Based on these statements, choose the most appropriate answer.

**Assertion (A) :** The application of insecticide and weedicide does not change natural properties of the land.

**Reason (R) :** Application of these destroys only the harmful insects and weeds.

- (a) (A) is true, (R) is false.                      (b) (A) is false, (R) is true.  
(c) Both (A) and (R) are true.                      (d) Both (A) and (R) are false.

24. A social science teacher asked the students to submit a project on water pollution. One group of students noticed a polluted public pond in a village. What is their duty as students of Social Science ?

- (i) Since it is a local problem, they don't care about it.  
(ii) They will collect photos and submit the project.  
(iii) They will share the information about water pollution with the villagers.  
(iv) With the help of Social Science teacher they will help the villagers to clean the pond and try to create awareness among them.

- (a) Only (ii)    (b) Only (iii)  
(c) (i) and (ii)    (d) (iii) and (iv)

25. Which of the following set of gases is responsible for absorbing solar energy reflected back from the earth's surface ?

- (a) Carbon-di-Oxide and Nitrogen                      (b) Carbon-di-Oxide and Oxygen  
(c) Carbon-di-Oxide and Methane                      (d) Nitrogen and Methane



26. Flood problem in the Brahmaputra Valley is an example of –  
 (a) Global environmental problem (b) National environmental problem  
 (c) Regional environmental problem (d) Local environmental problem
27. The percentage of areas affected by desertification in five continents are mentioned below. Choose the correct order.  
 (a) North America : 27% → Asia : 22% → South America : 20% → Africa : 18% → Australia : 8%  
 (b) South America : 27% → North America : 22% → Africa : 20% → Asia : 18% → Australia : 8%  
 (c) Asia : 27% → Africa : 22% → North America : 20% → South America : 18% → Australia : 8%  
 (d) North America : 27% → South America : 22% → Asia : 20% → Africa : 18% → Australia : 8%
28. Match the following and choose the correct option :  
 (i) Pacific Ocean (A) Colorado – desert like area  
 (ii) Asia (B) Labrador Sea  
 (iii) Atlantic Ocean (C) Alaska Sea  
 (iv) North America (D) Mongolian Plateau  
 (a) (i) - (B), (ii) - (C), (iii) - (D), (iv) - (A)  
 (b) (i) - (C), (ii) - (D), (iii) - (B), (iv) - (A)  
 (c) (i) - (D), (ii) - (A), (iii) - (C), (iv) - (B)  
 (d) (i) - (C), (ii) - (A), (iii) - (B), (iv) - (D)
29. Choose the correct option to fill in the blanks in the following table :
- | Continent    | Country   | Capital      |
|--------------|-----------|--------------|
| (i) Asia     | Iraq      | ?            |
| (ii) ?       | Denmark   | Copenhagen   |
| (iii) Africa | ?         | Antananarivo |
| (iv) Oceania | Australia | ?            |
- (a) (i) Baghdad (ii) Europe (iii) Madagascar (iv) Canberra  
 (b) (i) Canberra (ii) Europe (iii) Baghdad (iv) Madagascar  
 (c) (i) Madagascar (ii) Europe (iii) Canberra (iv) Baghdad  
 (d) (i) Europe (ii) Baghdad (iii) Canberra (iv) Madagascar
30. Which of the following option is correct regarding the Indian Ocean ?  
 (i) It is located to the south of the continent of Asia, east of the continent of Africa, and west of the continent of Oceania.  
 (ii) Its areal extent is slightly less than half of the area of the Pacific ocean.  
 (iii) The shape of this ocean like that of English letter 'G'  
 (a) Only (i) and (iii) (b) Only (iii)  
 (c) Only (ii) (d) Only (i) and (ii)





31. Which of the following set of rivers is correct for South America ?  
 (a) Orinico, Parana, Paraguay (b) Uruguay, Arkansas, Colorado  
 (c) Amazon, Orinico, Missouri (d) Parana, Paraguay, Orange
32. Angaraland is the –  
 (a) Northern part of Pangaea (b) Southern part of Pangaea  
 (c) Northern part of Panthalasa (d) Southern part of Panthalasa
33. Which of the following pairs is correctly matched according to 2011 census ?  
 (a) First class town – Tinsukia  
       Second class town – Sibsagar  
 (b) First class town – Sibsagar  
       Second class town – Tinsukia  
 (c) First class town – Dhubri  
       Second class town – Tezpur  
 (d) First class town – Karimganj  
       Second class town – Tinsukia
34. Read the following sentences in terms of transport system in Assam and choose the correct answer from the options that follow :  
 (i) Assam remains backward in the transport sector.  
 (ii) Transport system of Assam has developed quantitatively.  
 (iii) Soil properties of Assam are very suitable for construction and maintenance of roads of Assam.  
 (iv) Assam's varied topographic features obstruct the expansion of transport system in Assam.  
 (a) (i), (ii), (iii) (b) (i), (iii), (iv)  
 (c) (i), (ii), (iv) (d) (ii), (iii), (iv)
35. Why is India a socialist state ?  
 (i) All the ways and means of production would be nationalized.  
 (ii) Socialism shall be established through the equal distribution of the national income.  
 (iii) The economy of the country shall be determined by the people themselves.  
 (iv) Only the capitalist class of people shall determine the country's economy.  
 (a) (i), (ii) (b) (ii), (iii)  
 (c) (i), (ii), (iii) (d) (i), (ii), (iv)



36. Choose the correct match from the following options about Indian Constitution :

- |                                       |                                    |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| (i) Cabinet Mission                   | (A) 29 <sup>th</sup> August, 1947  |
| (ii) Drafting Committee               | (B) 26 <sup>th</sup> January, 1950 |
| (iii) Indian Constitution adopted     | (C) March 1946                     |
| (iv) Execution of Indian Constitution | (D) 26 <sup>th</sup> November 1949 |

- (a) (i) - (A), (ii) - (C), (iii) - (D), (iv) - (B)  
(b) (i) - (C), (ii) - (A), (iii) - (B), (iv) - (D)  
(c) (i) - (B), (ii) - (D), (iii) - (A), (iv) - (C)  
(d) (i) - (C), (ii) - (A), (iii) - (D), (iv) - (B)

37. Which of the following is true about the UNO ?

- (i) The UNO is established on the principle of equal sovereignty of all member countries.  
(ii) At the time of inception of the UNO, the total number of members of the Economic and Social Council was 15.  
(iii) It is the sole duty and responsibility of the member states of the UNO to make the UNO strong.  
(iv) The Secretariat is like the heart of the UNO.

- (a) (i), (ii) (b) (i), (ii), (iii)  
(c) (i), (iii), (iv) (d) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv)

38. Which agency of the United Nations is primarily responsible for promoting health initiatives globally ?

- (a) UNICEF (b) UNESCO  
(c) WHO (d) UNHRC

39. Which of the following pairs is correctly matched ?


- (a) NATO : Brussels (b) ASEAN : Singapore  
(c) SAARC : Jakarta (d) FIFA : Dubai

40. Suppose, you are travelling by bus from Guwahati to Dibrugarh and offer to pay your fare using a cheque. The conductor refuses to accept the cheque.

Why can't you bound the conductor to accept the cheque ?

- (a) A cheque is not considered legal tender money, so nobody is legally bound to accept it.  
(b) The conductor prefers only cash payments for convenience.  
(c) The cheque is physically too large to handle.  
(d) The conductor does not have time to visit a bank and encash it.



41. Choose the correct statements regarding Black Money :
- The colour of Black Money is black.
  - It is related to tax evasion.
  - It is the product of an economic offence.
  - It goes to government exchequer.
- (a) Statements (i) and (ii) are correct. 
- (b) Statements (ii) and (iii) are correct.
- (c) Statements (i) and (iv) are correct.
- (d) Statements (iii) and (iv) are correct.
42. Who issues the currency in India ?
- (a) State Bank of India
- (b) All the nationalised banks of India
- (c) Reserve Bank of India
- (d) Central Government of India
43. Choose the correct option to fill in the blanks given below about the structure of the NITI Aayog Committee (Some parts)
- (i) Chairman → Prime Minister
- (ii) Ex-officio Members → ?
- (iii) Chief Executive Officer → ?
- (iv) Executive Council → All Chief Ministers and ?
- (a) (ii) One IAS Officer
- (iii) Maximum four Cabinet Ministers
- (iv) Lt. Governor of Union Territories
- (b) (ii) Maximum four Cabinet Ministers
- (iii) One IAS Officer
- (iv) Lt. Governor of Union Territories
- (c) (ii) Lt. Governor of Union Territories
- (iii) Maximum four Cabinet Ministers
- (iv) One IAS Officer
- (d) (ii) One IAS Officer
- (iii) Lt. Governor of Union Territories
- (iv) Maximum four Cabinet Ministers
44. Find out the incorrect statement :
- (a) Liberalisation means lessening of the degree of state control in the economic system of a country.
- (b) Privatisation means the opening up of the public sector units to the private sector
- (c) The New Industrial Policy of the Government of India, 1991 has opened up 9 (nine) public sector units to the private sector.
- (d) The process of liberalization and privatization obstruct the process of globalization.
45. By dividing national income by the total population of a country, we get
- (a) Life expectancy
- (b) Human Development Index
- (c) Per Capita Income
- (d) Gross Domestic Product (GDP)





## SECTION – B

46. Write in brief about the contribution of Sister Nibedita in Swadeshi Movement. 2
47. Explain the significance of the word "blood" in the quotation "Give me blood, and I shall give you freedom". And who said this? 2
48. How was the British Prime Minister Mr. Clement Attlee's approach to India and Indians different from the Prime Minister Winston Churchill's constitutional and political approach? 2
49. "The society is like a book for studying the folk culture." – Give your views regarding this statement. 3
50. A student of Class X became so emotional by reading about the failure of the Revolt of 1857 in Assam in her Social Science book that she wrote a drama. She named the drama "Successful Maniram Dewan". Give your opinion on the appropriateness of the title of the drama. 4
51. There was disagreement over the conduct of the agenda of Civil Disobedience in Assam.  
(i) What was the announcement made by the Congress leadership in Assam at that time? 1  
(ii) How did the committed workers continue their organizational work in such situation? 1  
(iii) What were the objectives of the newly formed committees to look into the various matters of the movement? 3
- OR**
- Discuss the role and activities of Asomiya Bhasa Unnati Sadhini Sabha. 5
52. Gold is a natural resource, and at the same time it is also an abiotic resource. Moreover, gold can also be called non-renewable resource and individual or national resource.  
Why can gold be called individual or national resource? Give your opinion. 2
53. Look at the picture below and answer the question that follows : 3





What kind of dangers can this future result bring to your town ? Suggest any two measures that can be taken to reduce the root cause behind this result.

OR

(For Blind Candidates Only)

Give your suggestions to control desertification.

3

54. The following table shows the population data of two least populated districts of Assam in 2001 and 2011 :

Districts	Population		Growth Percentage (%)
	2001	2011	
Bongaigaon	904835	738804	-18.35
Dima-Hasao	188079	214102	

- (a) Calculate the growth percentage of population of Dima-Hasao district of Assam during 2001-2011. 2  
 (b) Why has Bongaigaon district negative growth rate of population during 2001-2011 ? Explain it. 2

55. Discuss the geographical features of the Indian Ocean. 5

56. Write any two differences between the federal system of India and the U.S.A. 2

57. Explain the background of the formation of the United Nations Organisation. 3

58. 'The commercial bank offers loans. Farmers, artisans, industrialists, thelawallas, rickshaw pullers and others receive loans.'

State any two probable consequences if the commercial banks stop offering loans to people belonging to deprived sections of society such as farmers, artisans, thelawallas, rickshaw pullers etc. 2

59. In the past few years, India has made significant progress in economic development and human development. Give your opinion with two examples you have seen yourself. 2

OR

Mention two main differences between economic growth and economic development. 2

60. Draw a sketch map of Assam and locate therein any two of the following with names : 2 + 2 = 4

- (a) The Headquarters of the North-East Frontier Railway  
 (b) A hill district  
 (c) The oldest oil-field of India

OR

(For Blind Candidates Only)

Mention the problems of agricultural development in Assam. 4