

1. Who was the first President of Assam Sahitya Sabha, who is also known as 'Sahitya Kandari'?

- (A) Hemchandra Goswami
- ☒ (B) Padmanath Gohain Baruah
- (C) Lakshminath Bezbarua
- (D) Mahendra Kondoli

2. Ravi travels for 4 hours 30 minutes. He covers the journey at 30 kilometres per hour. What is the distance travelled by him?

- (A) 160 kilometres
- (B) 140 kilometres
- ☒ (C) 135 kilometres
- (D) 130 kilometres

3. Consider the following :

- I. Pitakas
- II. Angas
- III. Jatakas

Which of the above is/are the branch(es) of Buddhist literature?

- ☒ (A) I and III only
- (B) II and III only
- (C) I, II and III
- (D) I only

4. Who among the following from Assam has been awarded the country's (India) highest science award 'Shanti Swarup Bhatnagar Prize' for the year 2021?

- ☒ (A) Jitendra Nath Goswami
- (B) Bhupendra Nath Goswami
- (C) Prashant Goswami
- ☒ (D) Binoy Kumar Saikia

5. As per the provision laid down in the Constitution of India, "... all persons are equally entitled to freedom of conscience and right to freely profess, practice and propagate religion." Which Article in the Constitution guarantees these rights?

- (A) Article 21
- ☒ (B) Article 25
- (C) Article 30
- (D) Article 31

6. Who is the winner of Wimbledon Men's Singles Title, 2022?

- (A) Novak Djokovic ☒
- (B) Nick Kyrgios
- ☒ (C) Rafael Nadal
- (D) Roger Federer ☒

7. Who is known as 'Luit Konwar' of Assam?
- (A) Rudra Baruah
(B) Parvati Prasad Barua
(C) Bishnu Prasad Rabha
(D) Jyoti Prasad Agarwala
8. The World Cup Football, 2022 will be held in Qatar. Which one among the following is a unique feature of this World Cup?
- (A) All games will be played at night local Qatar time.
(B) For the first time, 42 teams will participate.
(C) For the first time in the history of the World Cup, some games will have women referees. X
(D) Germany will not participate in the World Cup for the first time. X
9. Which one of the following missiles developed by the Defence Research and Development Organization is a hypersonic cruise missile?
- (A) Prithvi-III
(B) Dhanush
(C) BrahMos-II
(D) Agni-IV
10. Who was the Koch king who rebuilt the famous Kamakhya Temple after it was vandalized by the Muhammadans?
- (A) Nara Narayan
(B) Lakshmi Narayan
(C) Dharma Narayan
(D) Sundar Narayan
11. What is the value of the following?
 $30 + 40 + (4 \text{ of } 4)$
- (A) 32.5
(B) 40.5
(C) 70
(D) 160
12. The Indian National Congress was founded in the year 1885. Who was the Viceroy of British India during that time?
- (A) Lord Curzon
(B) Lord Dufferin
(C) Lord Lytton
(D) Lord Minto
13. Who was the first ruler of Assam who established the Varman dynasty of Kamarupa in the year 350 AD?
- (A) Samudravarman
(B) Bhaskaravarman
(C) Pushyavarman
(D) Narayanavarman

14. Name the two Wildlife Sanctuaries declared as the 6th and 7th National Parks by the Government of Assam.

(A) Dibru Saikhowa and Orang National Parks

(B) Raimona and Dihing Patkai ✓
National Parks

(C) Raimona and Manas National Parks ✗

(D) Dibru Saikhowa and Dihing Patkai National Parks

17. Harappa was located on the bank of the river

(A) Indus ✓

(B) Ravi

(C) Hindon

(D) Ghaggar

15. The Project NETRA of the Indian Space Research Organization (ISRO) is being developed with the aim of developing

(A) space stations to explore out space beyond the solar system

(B) early warning system to detect space debris and other hazards to Indian satellites

(C) satellites for early warning of natural disasters

(D) drones for guiding hypersonic missiles

18. Which Ahom king is also known as 'Bamuni Konwar'?

(A) Sutuphaa

(B) Sudangphaa

(C) Susenphaa (C)

(D) Suphakphaa

16. During the British Raj, a famous drama written by Dinabandhu Mitra portrayed the sufferings of Indian farmers who were forced by the British to cultivate

(A) poppy

(B) jute

(C) cotton

(D) indigo ✓

19. Who constructed the 'Grand Trunk Road'?

(A) Akbar

(B) Ashoka

(C) Sher Shah Suri ✓

(D) Chandragupta Maurya

20. List-I gives the names of some scientific laboratories in the North-East India and List-II gives the names of the places in which they are located. Match List-I with List-II and give the correct match from the codes given below :

List-I

List-II

- | | |
|--------------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| a. Rain Forest Research Institute | 1. Tezpur |
| b. Regional Medical Research Centre | 2. Barapani near Shillong |
| c. North-Eastern Space Applications Centre | 3. Jorhat |
| d. Defence Research Laboratory | 4. Lahowal |

Codes :

- | | | | | |
|-----|---|---|---|---|
| (A) | a | b | c | d |
| | 4 | 1 | 3 | 2 |
| (B) | a | b | c | d |
| | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 |
| (C) | a | b | c | d |
| | 3 | 4 | 2 | 1 |
| (D) | a | b | c | d |
| | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 |

21. What was the purpose of 'Operation Ganga' carried out by the Government of India?

- (A) Evacuation of stranded Indians from Afghanistan
- (B) Evacuation of stranded Indians from Ukraine
- (C) Evacuation of stranded Indians from Uganda
- (D) Evacuation of stranded Indians from Iraq

22. During the reign of the Ahom kings, two artists namely Dilbar and Dosai drew pictures and art of scenes from Ahom royal court and how an Ahom king rode an elephant. The compilation of such art form is found in the manuscript known as

- (A) Darrang Rajvamsavali
- (B) Dharma Purana
- (C) Shankhachuda-Vadha
- (D) Hastividyamava

23. The Lahore Session of the Indian National Congress held in December 1929 was of significant importance because

- I the baton of leadership of the Congress was passed on to the younger generation
- II the Indian Flag was hoisted for the first time during the inauguration of the Session
- III the Session passed the Resolution of Purna Swaraj
- IV the Session resolved to end the Satyagraha Movement

Select the correct answer using the codes given below.

- (A) I and III
- (B) II and III
- (C) II and IV
- (D) I and IV

24. One of the most important Sufi shrines in India is located at
- (A) Pandua
(B) Bidar
✓ (C) Ajmer
(D) Shahjahanabad
25. A person buys an article of ₹ 56.25 and sells the same making a profit of 20%. At what price does he sell the article?
- (A) ₹ 75.50
(B) ₹ 70.50
✓ (C) ₹ 67.50
(D) ₹ 59.50
26. Who among the following was the political Guru of Gandhiji?
- (A) Surendranath Banerjee
✓ (B) Gopal Krishna Gokhale
(C) Bal Gangadhar Tilak
(D) Bipin Chandra Pal
27. For the first time in independent India, a non-Congress ministry was formed under the leadership of
- (A) V. P. Singh
(B) Narasimha Rao
✓ (C) Morarji Desai
(D) A. B. Vajpayee
28. Which of the following is **not** a work of the 56th Jnanpith Awardee, 2021, Sri Nilmani Phookan?
- (A) *Gulapi Jamur Lagna*
(B) *Kobita*
(C) *Surjya Henu Nami Ahe Ei Nadiyedi*
(D) *Sagar Dekhisa*
29. Badan Barphukan was assassinated by
- (A) Raghab
(B) Rup Singh Subedar
(C) Madhab Jamuli
(D) Bhotai Deka
30. Which Burhagohain himself rejected the offer of becoming Ahom king on two occasions?
- (A) Laluksola Burhagohain
(B) Atan Burhagohain
(C) Ruchinath Burhagohain
(D) Ghanashyam Burhagohain
31. Which one of the following is the first State to establish Panchayati Raj System?
- (A) Gujarat
✓ (B) Rajasthan
(C) Uttar Pradesh
(D) Madhya Pradesh

32. The members of the Rajya Sabha are elected for

- (A) 5 years
- (B) 3 years
- ✓ (C) 6 years
- (D) 2 years

33. Who among the following was the first person to criticise the economic policy of the British colonial power in India and was of the strong opinion that drain of wealth was the basic cause of poverty in India during the British rule?

- (A) Mahatma Gandhi
- ✓ (B) Dadabhai Naoroji
- (C) Bipin Chandra Pal
- (D) Bal Gangadhar Tilak

34. The traditional Assamese bell metal industry is found in

- (A) Jamuguri
- ✓ (B) Sarthebari
- (C) Asharikandi
- (D) Dhemaji

35. Which Sikh Guru called himself the 'Sachcha Badshah'?

- (A) Guru Gobind Singh
- (B) Guru Hargobind
- (C) Guru Teg Bahadur
- (D) Guru Arjan Dev

36. Name the king who invaded Delhi and plundered the Kohinoor Diamond.

- ✓ (A) Nadir Shah
- (B) Alauddin Khilji
- (C) Ahmad Shah Abdali
- (D) Qutb ud-Din Aibak

37. The study of relics found in Harappa and Mohenjo-daro indicates that Indus Valley Civilization belonged to the

- (A) Stone Age ✗
- (B) Iron Age ✓
- (C) Bronze Age
- (D) Copper Age

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38. In which district of Assam is the Pani Dihing Bird Sanctuary located?

- (A) Tinsukia
- ✓ (B) Charaideo
- (C) Bajali
- (D) Sivasagar

39. In which district of Assam is the Peacock Island in the river Brahmaputra located?

- (A) Goalpara
- (B) Dhemaji
- ✓ (C) Kamrup (Metro)
- (D) Jorhat

40. Buland Darwaza, which has a mixture of Hindu and Persian types of architecture, is situated in

(A) Fatehpur Sikri

(B) Daulatabad

(C) Bulandshahr

(D) Sarnath

41. A mixture contains milk and water in the ratio 4:3. If 5 litres of water is added to the mixture, the ratio of milk and water becomes 4:5. What is the quantity of milk in the mixture?

(A) 8 litres

(B) 10 litres

(C) 16 litres

(D) 18 litres

42. The English Education Act of 1835 was introduced to put an end to Indian traditional education in Sanskrit and Persian and to introduce English education in the country. Who was the Governor General who implemented the Act?

(A) Lord Charles Canning

(B) Lord Warren Hastings

(C) Lord William Bentinck

(D) Lord Dalhousie

43. Which one of the following is taken as the Standard Meridian for finding Indian Standard Time?

(A) 60°30' East

(B) 75°30' East

(C) 82°30' East

(D) 90°30' East

44. Which Assamese playwright and actor is known as Natasurya?

(A) Phani Sarma

(B) Syed Abdul Malik

(C) Achyut Lahkar

(D) Benudhar Rajkhowa

45. A certain sum of money at simple interest at 13.5% per annum amounts to ₹ 2,502.50 after 4 years. Find the sum of money invested.

(A) ₹ 1,925.00

(B) ₹ 1,825.00

(C) ₹ 1,725.00

(D) ₹ 1,625.00

46. During the British colonial rule in India, the Partition of Bengal was done in the year

(A) 1890

(B) 1905

(C) 1911

(D) 1919

$$\frac{4x+8}{3x+5} = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$5(4x+8) = 4(3x+5)$$

$$20x+40 = 12x+20$$

$$8x = -20$$

$$x = -2.5$$

$$P \left(1 + \frac{rt}{100} \right) = A$$

$$P \left(1 + \frac{13.5 \times 4}{100} \right) = 2502.50$$

$$P \left(1 + 0.54 \right) = 2502.50$$

$$P \times 1.54 = 2502.50$$

$$P = \frac{2502.50}{1.54}$$

$$P = 1625.00$$

47. The Department of Revenue and Disaster Management, Government of Assam has developed an online portal called 'Mission Basundhara', 2022 for citizen of Assam which will enable the people to apply for

- (A) land-related services in all districts of Assam
- (B) relief to flood-affected people in rural areas of the State ☒
- (C) financial assistance from the government to preserve wet-land ☒
- (D) pension-related grievances of retired government officials ☒

48. The President of India can declare a National Emergency when the security of India or a part of it is threatened by war or external aggression or armed rebellion under constitutional provision of

- ☒ (A) Article 352
- (B) Article 355
- (C) Article 356
- (D) Article 358

49. The Sangam literature of ancient India is

- (A) Persian literature
- ☒ (B) Tamil literature
- (C) Bhojpuri literature
- (D) Aryan literature

50. Mount Manipur is a National Park located in

- (A) Andaman and Nicobar Islands
- (B) Lahaul and Spiti region of Himachal Pradesh
- (C) Lakhshadweep ☒
- (D) Shivalik Range of Uttar Pradesh ☒

51. The highest saltwater lake in the world situated at a height of 4350 metres is

- (A) Baikal Lake in Russia
- ☒ (B) Pangong Lake in Ladakh in India
- (C) Superior Lake in North America
- (D) Wular Lake in Jammu and Kashmir in India

52. The Kokilabari Seed Farm in Baksa district of Assam is reported to be one of the critically endangered 7/13 of o known as

- (A) Bengal florican
- (B) black drongo
- (C) Asian koel
- (D) black-naped monarch

53. Indian dancer Pandit Birju Maharaj was associated with which Indian national dance form?

- (A) Odissi
- (B) Kuchipudi
- (C) Kathak
- (D) Manipuri

54. Match the following and choose the correct matching from the codes given below

Names of Social/Religious Movements in India		Names of Persons Associated	
a. Arya Samaj	—	1. Kartar Singh Jhabbar	
b. Khalsa Panth		2. Dayananda Saraswati	
c. Akali Movement		3. Sohan Singh Bhakna	
d. Ghadar Movement		4. Guru Gobind Singh	

Codes :

(A) a b c d
1 3 4 2

(B) a b c d
3 4 1 2

(C) a b c d
2 4 1 3

(D) a b c d
3 1 4 2

55. The following sequence of numbers follows a specific pattern. On the basis of the pattern, what will be the missing number in the sequence?

3, 8, 18, 23, 33, ?, 48

- (A) 37 (B) 38
(C) 40 (D) 45

56. The deficiency of which one of the following vitamins is the main cause of rickets?

- (A) Vitamin A
(B) Vitamin C
(C) Vitamin E
(D) Vitamin D

57. Who among the following was an Indian social activist, anti-caste social reformer and writer who advocated emancipation and empowerment of women and education of girls during the early years of India's Independence Movement?

- (A) Jyotiba Phule
(B) W. C. Bonnerjee
(C) Bipin Chandra Pal
(D) Baba Ram Chandra

58. 'Fato Bihu' is celebrated by which community of Assam?

- (A) Kaibarta Community of Dhakuakhana
(B) Tiwa Community of Morigaon
(C) Thengal Kachari Community of Moran
(D) Phakial Community of Tinsukia

59. Which one of the following is the largest nuclear power station in India in terms of power generation capacity?

- (A) Kalpakkam
(B) Kudankulam
(C) Kaiga
(D) Kakrapar

60. Who was also popularly known as 'Ekhud Kokaideu'?

- (A) Nabakanta Barua
(B) Hem Barua
(C) Nalinidhar Bhattacharya
(D) Nabin Chandra Bardoloi

61. The 'Red Data Book' is related to
- (A) pollution of rivers
 - (B) decreasing underground water level
 - (C) animals near extinction
 - (D) air pollution
62. Who led the famous 1857 Revolt against the British in Assam?
- (A) Piyoli Phukan and Jiuram Dulia Baruah
 - (B) Harakanta and Haranath
 - (C) Maniram Dewan and Piyoli Baruah
 - (D) None of them
63. Which committee called the Panchayati Raj Institutions as 'grass without roots'?
- (A) G. V. K. Rao Committee
 - (B) Dantwala Committee
 - (C) Hanumantha Rao Committee
 - (D) L. M. Singhvi Committee
64. When was NITI Aayog established?
- (A) 1st January, 2015
 - (B) 25th January, 2016
 - (C) 14th May, 2014
 - (D) 1st July, 2015

65. Sadiya Khowa Gohain was a
- (A) Zamindar
 - (B) king
 - (C) frontier officer
 - (D) naval commander

66. Besides dog, the bite of which other animal can cause rabies?

- (A) Donkey
- (B) Bat
- (C) Horse
- (D) Crocodile

67. DDT is a

- (A) greenhouse gas
- (B) degradable pollutant
- (C) non-degradable pollutant
- (D) None of the above

68. LAN stands for

- (A) Local Area Nods
- (B) Local Area Network
- (C) Large Area Network
- (D) None of the above

69. Who won the Oscar Award, 2022 for the Best Director category?

- (A) Jane Campion
- (B) Kenneth Branagh
- (C) Ryusuke Hamaguchi
- (D) Paul Thomas Anderson

70. The International Yoga Day is observed on
 (A) 21st March
 (B) 21st May
 ✓ (C) 21st June
 (D) 21st December
71. The names of the Panchayati Raj Institutions of the State of Assam are
 (A) Gram Panchayat, Panchayat Samiti and Zilla Parishad
 ✓ (B) Gaon Panchayat, Anchalik Panchayat and Zilla Parishad
 (C) Village Panchayat, Anchal Samiti and Zilla Parishad
 (D) Gram Panchayat, Janpad Panchayat and Zilla Panchayat ✗
72. Anuradha Sharma Pujari won the Sahitya Akademi Award for her novel
 (A) *Yat Ekhon Aranya Asil*
 (B) *Jalachabi*
 ✓ (C) *Neel Prajapati*
 (D) *Mereng*
73. The present Secretary-General of the United Nations, Antonio Guterres, belongs to which one of the following countries?
 (A) Spain
 ✓ (B) Portugal
 (C) Argentina
 (D) Paraguay
74. Badungduppa is a musical instrument used by the
 (A) Dimasa Community
 (B) Rabha Community
 (C) Tea Garden Labour Community
 (D) Khelma Community
75. Where in India do you find the tropical thorn forest?
 ✓ (A) Rajasthan
 (B) West Bengal
 (C) Chhattisgarh
 (D) Jammu and Kashmir
76. Who was the founder of the Prarthana Samaj?
 (A) Swami Dayananda ✗
 (B) Raja Ram Mohan Roy
 (C) Atmaram Pandurang
 ✓ (D) Ramakrishna Paramahansa
77. The Arogya Nidhi Scheme of the Government of Assam is aimed to provide
 (A) financial assistance to families below poverty line for specialized treatment of life-threatening diseases
 ✓ (B) free of cost treatment for all COVID-19 patients during the pandemic
 (C) financial assistance for the revival of sick industrial unit of young entrepreneurs of the State
 (D) waiver of bank loans of women covered under Micro Finance Scheme

78. The architect of the famous 'Bhoodan Movement' was
- (A) Jayaprakash Narayan
 (B) Acharya Vinoba Bhave
 (C) Acharya Kripalani
 (D) Baba Amte
79. Who among the following was **not** influenced by Mahatma Gandhi's concept of Non-violence?
- (A) Lech Walesa
 (B) Nelson Mandela
 (C) Martin Luther King
 (D) Winston Churchill
80. The Chauri Chaura incident that occurred in 1922 was during the
- (A) Non-Cooperation Movement
 (B) Quit India Movement
 (C) Swadeshi Movement
 (D) Civil Disobedience Movement
81. Which one of the following processes is responsible for transforming any liquid to its vapour?
- (A) Condensation
 (B) Evaporation
 (C) Transpiration
 (D) Precipitation

82. Who is known as the 'Iron Man of India'?
- (A) Bal Gangadhar Tilak
 (B) Bhagat Singh
 (C) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel
 (D) Chandra Shekhar Azad
83. Which type of soil is best known for cultivation of cotton?
- (A) Red soil
 (B) Black soil
 (C) Laterite soil
 (D) Alluvial soil
84. Who is recognized as the pioneer of feminist movement in Assam?
- (A) Chandraprabha Saikiani
 (B) Bhogeswari Phukanani
 (C) Dariki Dasi Baruah
 (D) Nalini Bala Devi
85. What is the immediate but not an exclusive reason for war between Russia and Ukraine in the year 2022?
- (A) Ukraine's desire to join the North Atlantic Treaty Organization
 (B) Russian annexation of Crimea
 (C) Ukraine's desire to join the European Union
 (D) Russian move to occupy the nuclear facilities in Ukraine for national security

86. Who is the first Indian athlete to have won a gold medal in a track and field event in a world athletic meet?
- (A) Shiny Abraham
(B) Hima Das
(C) Neeraj Chopra
(D) P. T. Usha
87. The largest United States military base in Afghanistan was
- (A) Bagram Air Base
(B) Kandahar Military Base
(C) Panjshir Valley Base
(D) Bamyán Air Base
88. The areas covered under the 'Portuguese Settlements in India' at the time of British India's Independence in 1947 did not include
- (A) Goa
(B) Daman and Diu
(C) Dadra and Nagar Haveli
(D) Pondicherry
89. Who wrote the Indian National Song, *Vande Mataram*?
- (A) Ishwar Chandra Vidyasagar
(B) Rabindranath Tagore
(C) Bankim Chandra Chatterjee
(D) Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose
90. The Moamoria Rebellion which took place in the year 1769 started during the reign of which one of the following Ahom kings?
- (A) Gaurinath Singha
(B) Rudra Singha
(C) Pratap Singha
(D) Lakshmi Singha
91. Which Article of the Constitution of India allows the Centre to form new State?
- (A) Article 2
(B) Article 3
(C) Article 4
(D) Article 6
92. Who among the following constitute the National Development Council?
- I. The Prime Minister
II. The Chairperson, Finance Commission
III. The Ministers of the Union Cabinet
IV. The Chief Ministers of the States
- Select the correct answer using the codes given below.
- (A) I, II and III only
(B) I, III and IV only
(C) II and IV only
(D) I, II, III and IV

93. The Chairperson of the UPSC is appointed by

- (A) the Prime Minister of India
- (B) the President of India
- (C) the Central Education Minister
- (D) the Vice President of India

94. What is the minimum number of judges of the Supreme Court who must sit together to constitute a Constitution Bench?

- (A) 3
- (B) 5
- (C) 7
- (D) 9

4:1

95. Who is the final authority in approving the design, form and material of banknotes?

- (A) The Governor of the RBI
- (B) The Central Board of the RBI
- (C) The Central Government on the recommendations of the Central Board of the RBI
- (D) The Governor of the RBI in consultation with the Central Government

96. The first peasant uprising in Assam against the British was known as

- (A) Phulaguri Uprising
- (B) Patharughat Rajmel
- (C) Battle of Itakhuli
- (D) None of the above

97. Which of the following States is India's present top sugar producer?

- (A) Maharashtra
- (B) Tamil Nadu
- (C) Kerala
- (D) Gujarat

98. The permission for withdrawal of funds from the Consolidated Fund of India must be given by

- (A) the President of India
- (B) the Parliament of India
- (C) the Prime Minister of India
- (D) the Union Finance Minister

99. Which one of the following is most abundant radioactive element found in India?

- (A) Uranium
- (B) Plutonium
- (C) Thorium
- (D) Radium

100. Who delivered the famous speech 'Tryst with Destiny' in the Indian Constituent Assembly on the eve of India's Independence on 14th August, 1947?

- (A) Mahatma Gandhi
- (B) Jawaharlal Nehru
- (C) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel
- (D) Sarvepalli Radhakrishnan